LAND RECLAMATION COMMISSION

STATE OF MISSOURI

P.O. BOX 176 **JEFFERSON CITY, MISSOURI 65102** 573-751-4041

Permit To Engage in Surface Mining
LAND RECLAMATION COMMISSION
ISSUES TO
KNOX COUNTY STONE COMPANY
Pursuant to "The Land Reclamation Act," RSMo, 2001, and on conformity with the statements
In the application, a permit is hereby granted to engage in surface mining of

Proposed mining operation(s) will be on 51 acres, more or less. The locations of the operation(s) under this permit is/are as follows: Renewal

Township Range Acres Acres Total Site/Stream County Section Site Renewed New Acres Name Number 25 12W 62N 51 0 51 **Knox County Stone** Knox 0046

> This permit may be suspended or revoked upon violation of any or all of the conditions set forth in "The Land Reclamation Act," RSMo. 2001, or in such rules and regulations as are promulgated pursuant thereto by the Land Reclamation Commission.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand this 13th

limestone

day of

in the state of Missouri. The extent of the

August 2004

Land Reclamation Commission

Permit No. 0038 Effective Date 09/01/2004 **Expiration Date** 08/31/2005 MO 780-1122 (6-95)



MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
LAND RECLAMATION COMMISSION

JUL 1 9 2004 P.O. BOX 176

PERMIT RENEWAL FOR IN	NDUSTRIAL MINER	AL MINES	_ 0 2004	JEFFERSON	N CITY, MO 65102-0176
NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, PARTNER	RSHIP OR INDIVIDUAL OX County Stone	MIS RECLAMA	SOURI LAND TION COMMISS	DATE	07/08/04
ADDRESS	ox County Stone	CITY	STATE		(IP
1701 5th Avenue		Moline	Illino	-	61265
CONTACT PERSON			TELEPHONE N	UMBER	
	Gregg			309.757.	.0522
FEES: COMPLETE SECTION I OR SECT					
SECTION I. Fees: Open pit operators and	d those mining more th	an 5,000 tons of sar	nd and/or grav	/el:	
1. To compute the site fee complete the in	nformation below:				
SITE NAME OR NUMBER (add a separate sheet for additional sites)	Mark each month that the permit year.	t the site will be ope		months per p	erated less than six permit year pay \$150 erated six months or rmit year pay \$300
1. Edina Quarry KC01	Jan, Feb, Mar, Apr, Ma	y, Jun, Jul, Aug, Sept,	Oct, Nov, Dec	\$	300.00
2.	Jan, Feb, Mar, Apr, May	y, Jun, Jul, Aug, Sept,	Oct, Nov, Dec	\$	
3.	Jan, Feb, Mar, Apr, May	y, Jun, Jul, Aug, Sept,	Oct, Nov, Dec	\$	
4.	Jan, Feb, Mar, Apr, May	y, Jun, Jul, Aug, Sept,	Oct, Nov, Dec	\$	
5.	Jan, Feb, Mar, Apr, May	y, Jun, Jul, Aug, Sept,	Oct, Nov, Dec	\$	
6.	Jan, Feb, Mar, Apr, May	y, Jun, Jul, Aug, Sept,	Oct, Nov, Dec	\$	
7.	Jan, Feb, Mar, Apr, May	y, Jun, Jul, Aug, Sept,	Oct, Nov, Dec	\$	
8.	Jan, Feb, Mar, Apr, May	y, Jun, Jul, Aug, Sept,	Oct, Nov, Dec	\$	
9.	Jan, Feb, Mar, Apr, May	y, Jun, Jul, Aug, Sept,	Oct, Nov, Dec	\$	
10.	Jan, Feb, Mar, Apr, May	y, Jun, Jul, Aug, Sept,	Oct, Nov, Dec	\$	
TOTAL SITE FEE			-	\$	300.00
2. Acreage Fee \$5 X numbe	2. Acreage Fee \$5 X number of acres bonded				
3. Annual Permit Fee	•••••	•••••		\$ 500	
4. Total Fee (Add totals from 1, 2, and 3) NOTE: If Total Fee exceeds \$2500.00	then pay only)
SECTION II. FEES: Sand or gravel oper	rators mining less tha	n 5,000 tons per ye	ear:		
3. Annual Permit Fee			\$ 300		
SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT		MGR ETVY.	SERVICES	DATE 7	18/09
,	ıy of, 20 _	 '. _			
to me personally known, who executed the NOTARY PUBLIC EMBOSSER SEAL STATE OF	e above as their free a	cts and deeds.	1		
	Illenois				
SUBSCRIBE	DAY OF	ME, THIS YEAR 2004	USE RUBBE	R STAMP IN	CLEAR AREA BELOW
NOTARY PL	UBLIC SIGNATURE	MY COMISSION			**********
YUKEK NOTARY PL	YM. SULMAL UBLIC NAME (TYPED OR F	EXPIRES 11-9-07	NOTARY MY COM	OFFICIALS (ANN M. G PUBLIC - STA MISSION E)	SEAL GARMOE TE OF ILLINOIS (PIRES 11-8-07
FOR DEPARTMENT USE ONLY: APPROVED BY	M. GARMOE	PERMIT NUMBER	Construction	MAN, ROW	<u>~~~~~</u>
FOR DEPARTMENT USE ONLY: APPROVED BY	8-13-04	OU38		EXPIRATIO	3/-05

To be completed for each separate area of d	isturbance associated	d with mining operations	3.	
SITE NAME OR NUMBER		PERMIT NUMBER		
KNOX COUNTY STONE-KSOI 38				
COMPANT NAME				
COUNTY KNOX COL	57	TONE CO.	H PAN	
			SECTION	
TOWNSHIP	NE 4			52
	1		ACRES (WHOLE PROP- 449
T62	RI	2		DUARRY AREA - 160
RIVER OR STREAM NAME (FOR IN-STREAM ACRES)	<u></u>			0
_				
MINERAL COMMODITY	·	ESTIMATED TONS/YEAR (FO	OR GRAVEL SI	TES)
LIMESTON	\ <u>\</u>	₽ ** 11	₹.	-
			*.	
NAME OF LANDOWNER (ATTACH LIST IF MORE THAN	N ONE			
,	•			
LEN	STRAC S	TONE CO	MPAL	> >
ADDRESS				
RR#1 BO	5x 236	めってる女工	AC	
		1	1	ZIP CODE
HANNIBAL		Mo.		63401
SOURCE OF RIGHT TO MINE (CHECK ONE):			1	DATE OF AGREEMENT
MINERAL DEED		LEASE		
WARRANTY DEED		U VERBAL AGREEMENT	_	
OTHER (DESCRIBE):				
MINERAL RIGHTS OWNER (ATTACH LIST IF MORE TH	HAN ONE)			
SA	ME			
ADDRESS				
CITY		STATE		ZIP CODE
DECEIV				
SOURCE OF RIGHT TO MINE CHECK ONE):	73			DATE OF AGREEMENT
SOURCE OF RIGHT TO MILE (CHECK ONE):		☑ LEASE	Ì	
4.10				
WARRANTY DEED MISSOURI L. IND OTHER (DESCRIBE): RECLAMATION COMMISSION VERBAL AGREEMENT				
— OTTEN (DESCRIBE).				
NOTE: Each site must be shown on a map a	and be included in a p	oublic notice and an app	proved mine	plan.
MO 780-1036 (12-91)				

MISSOURI DEPARTMENT O' NATURAL RESOURCES LAND RECLAMATION COM. SION MINE PLAN (UPDAT

N-DEC - 8-1999

MINE PLAN	(UPDATE)	MISSOURI LAND RECLAMATION COMMI	P.O. BOX 176 JEFFERSON CITY, MO 65102
TYPE OF PLAN (CHECK ONE): SHORT TERM, FOR ONE PERMIT YEAR	COMPANY NAME	KNOX COUNTY STONE C	
I LONG TERM, FOR PERIOD THROUGH DATE: 8-71-207			
DESCRIPTION OF SITE PRIOR TO LAND RECLAMATION COMMISS AND TOPOGRAPHY.	SION PERMITTING (BY	APPLICANT OR PRIOR OPERATO	DR), INCLUDING SOIL, VEGETATION
The west half of the area is gent across the bottom { of the property. farm ground and with timber along the the property (where the quarry is loca in the flat area, of the Piopolis-Bla lands. The higher elevations consist	The area sou e edges of the ated) is flat ackoar-Arbela	th of the creek is creek. The northe row cropped farm gr systems, deep and p	also gently rolling astern quarter of ound. Soil consists, oorly drained bottom

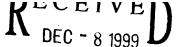
OPERATION PLAN - 10 CSR 40-10.020(2)(D)1.	
A. TOPSOIL	
AVERAGE DEPTH OF TOPSOIL, PRIOR TO LAND RECLAMATION COMMISSION PERMITTING	IS TOPSOIL TO BE SOLD OR DISCARDED OFFSITE?
12" topsoil and 8' of usable subsoil	YES OR X NO
DESCRIBE METHODS AND EQUIPMENT USED FOR TOPSOIL REMOVAL	
The topsoil will be removed using either dozers and so	rapers or a dozer will push

the top soil over the quarry face and the material will be loaded into a truck and hauled to a different location and stockpiled.

DESCRIBE METHODS AND EQUIPMENT USED FOR TOPSOIL STORAGE AND PROTECTION

We are very luck to have a large quantity of topsoil an subsoil that we can use adjacent to our quarry area. Most all of the remaining spoil will be placed in the quarry area. As this spoil is expanded into the quarry, the topsoil will not be saved for several years. When we can see reserves coming to an end, topsoil and subsoil will then be saved, put into a pile, graded, seeded, and mulched for protection. It will be placed in storage areas by trucks or scrapers and graded by dozers.

MO 780-1327 (12-91)



The quarry is now large enough that most spoil will be placed in a section of the quarry that has all reserves removed. This pile will be expanded as the quarry spands. The outside slope will be left at an angle of repose because of the lack of room. The final slope will be graded to be 3:1. If any spoil is placed outside the pit, it will be immediately graded to a rolling topography with 3:1 outside slopes. C. ACID MATERIALS DESCRIBE METHODS AND COUMMENT USED FOR HANDLING ACID MATERIALS (IF NONE IS ANTICIPATED, WHITE "NONE" BELOWN There are no acid materials. DESCRIBE METHODS AND COUMMENT USED FOR HANDLING ACID MATERIALS (IF NONE IS ANTICIPATED, WHITE "NONE" BELOWN There are no acid materials. See Map YES NO Will any excavation be at or within fitty feet (50') of the right-of-way of any public road? (NOTE: For unconsolidated materials be left within fitty feet of the right-of-way of any public road? (NOTE: For unconsolidated materials be left within fitty feet or twenty-five feet plus one and one-half (1-%) times the depth of unconsolidated material, whichever is greater, unless a variance is granted by the Commission.) Will any excavation start at or within fifty feet (50') of any property line? (NOTE: If the answer is "yes", a safety barrier may be needed.)	B. SPOIL		
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MO 780-1327 (12-91)	MO 780-1327 (12-91)		

PERMIT NO. _____ SITE NO.+/or NAME____

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	STEMS/ACRE
ATTACH ADDITIONAL SHEETS FOR ADDITIONAL SEED MIXES.	

PERMIT NO._____ SITE NO.+/or NAME_____

PAGE 3 OF 5

MO 780-1327 (12-91)

B. GRADING

DESCRIBE PROPOSED RECLAIMED TOPOGRAPHY, INCLUDING SLOPES

Spoil place in pit will have a fairly flat top and 3:1 outside slopes. Pit will fill with water and cover most of spoil. There might be 25% of the slopes steeper than 3:1 because it will re reclaimed as wildlife area.

Any spoil placed outside pit will be gently rolling with all outside slopes graded to 3:1 and reclaimed as pasture/wildlife areas.

RECEIVED

MISSOURI LAND RECLAMATION COMMISSION

C. DESCRIBE THE GENERAL SEQUENCE AND TIMING OF THE FOLLOWING ACTIVITIES

GRADING

After all spoil is placed in the pit from the remaining reserves, the outside slopes will be graded to a 3:1 slope with the likely hood that 25% of the area will be left steeper than 3:1 and all reclaimed as a wildlife area. Any spoil outside quarry will be graded as placement is being accomplished.

REPLACEMENT OF TOPSOIL

 $\underline{\text{SPOIL IN PIT}}$ - After all remaining spoil outside slopes have been graded, topsoil will be placed on spoil at least 1' in thickness.

CASE OF SPOIL-OUTSIDE PIT - The grading and topsoil will be replaced, one after the other stripping.

REVEGETATION

Outside Pit - After grading (Fall/Spring)

Inside Pit - After reserves have been depleted

AVERAGE DEPTH OF REPLACED TOPSOIL (INCHES)

12"

D. USE OF LAND WHEN RECLAIMED	5071114750 40050
Estimate acreage of each land use below, after reclamation	ESTIMATED ACRES:
Wildlife (forest or other habitat with livestock excluded)	214
Agricultural (pasture, cropland, and horticultural)	120
Development (residential, industrial, and recreational)	55
Water impoundments (for wildlife, agricultural, or development)	60
MO 780-1327 (12-91)	TOTAL 449 PAGE 4 CF 5

By my signature, I attest to the following:

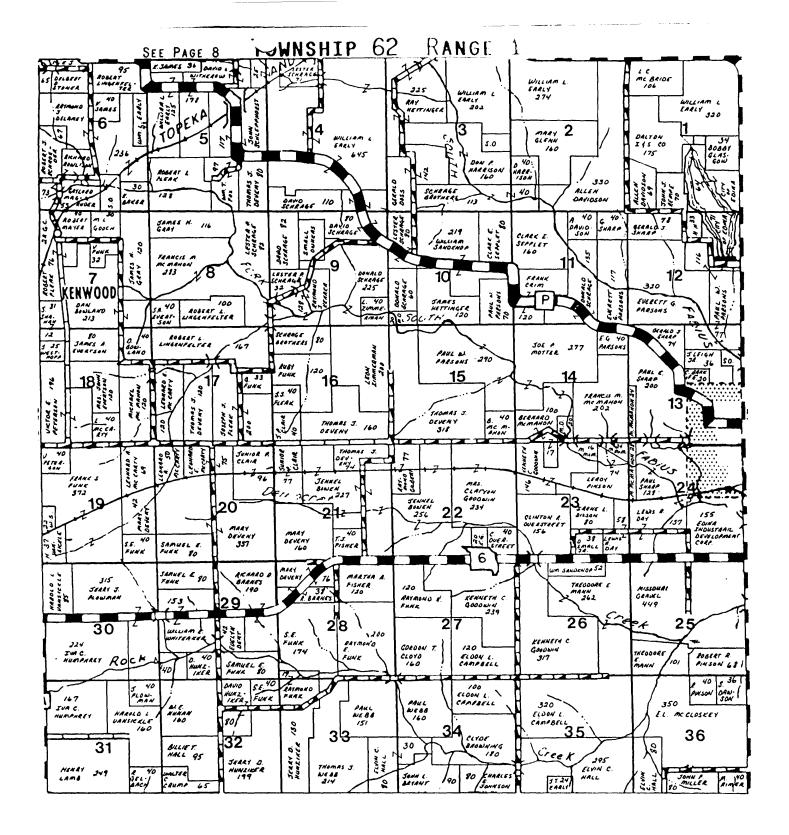
- 1. All statements made on this Mine Plan Form are correct, complete, and true, to the best of my knowledge.
- 2. I or the company I am authorized to represent intend(s) to mine in accordance with this Mine Plan Form, and in accordance with the Missouri Land Reclamation Act, Sections 444.760 through 444.789, RSMo and all rules, regulations, orders, decisions and permits of the Missouri Land Reclamation Commission pertaining to my company's surface mining operations.
- 3. I have obtained the approval of all landowner's for all proposed post-reclamation land uses.
- 4. I have a valid agreement with all landowners which gives me the right to grant access to the Director of the Missouri Land Reclamation Commission and his authorized representatives, and I grant such access, and further where I have no such right, I have attached signed affidavits from the landowners, granting such access.



SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT	1 ./^ .	TITLE	DATE
Kuhu	1 Church	HACES	(2-5-5g
NOTARY PUBLIC EMBOSSER SEAL	STATE		COUNTY (OR CITY OF ST LOUIS)
7	MISSOURI		RALLS
,	SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN BEFORE ME TI		
	6 th DAY OF Lle	rember 1999	USE RUBBER STAMP IN CLEAR AREA BELOW
	NOTARY PUBLIC SIGNATURE	MY COMMISSION	
· ·	Dehirley a. Bale	EXPIRES 8-15-2000	
• •	NOTARY PUBLIC NAME (TYPED OR PRINTED)		-
	SHIRLEY A. BODE		
APPROVED BY (DIRECTOR'S REPR	ESENTATIVE)	DATE APPROVED	PERMIT NUMBER .
Radingle	· 8 —	12-10-99	0038
MO 760-1327 (12-91)			PAGE 5 OF

SITE NO.+/or NAME_

PERMIT NO.____



PLAT MAP SHOWING PROPERTY OWNED BY CENTRAL STONE COMPANY/KNOX COUNTY STONE COMPANY- EDINA - ALL GROUND IN LONG PANGE MINE PLAN DECEIVED

MISSOURI LAND
RECLAMATION COMMISSION



KNOX COUNTY STONE COMPANY. LONG RANGE LAND USE MAP- 1999

WILDLIFE AREAS/FOREST - 214 AC.

AGRICULTURAL ((ROP/PASTURE) - 120 AC

WATER IMPOUNDMENT

INDUSTRIAL

60 Ac.

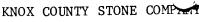
55 AC

449 TOTAL

DEC - 8 1999

MISSOURI LAND RECLAMATION COMMISSION

1"= 924'





AREA TO BE WORKED

IN AREA TO BE WORKED, SOIL AND SUBSOIL WILL BE SAMPLED AND TESTED BY THE UNIVERSITY OF MISSOURI EXTENSION OFFICE BEFORE STRIPPING.

Harion Series

The Marion series consists of deep, poorly drained, nearly level soils on uplands. These soils formed in silty and clayey material. The native vegetation was deciduous trees.

In a representative profile the surface layer is dark grayish-brown silt loam about 3 inches thick. The subsurface layer is grayish-brown silt loam about 9 inches hick. The subsoil is about 48 inches thick. It is rellowish-brown and grayish-brown, very firm silty lay in the upper part and grayish-brown and light prownish-gray, firm silty clay loam in the lower part.

Marion soils have very slow permeability. Available vater capacity is high. Organic-matter content and natural fertility are low. Wetness and a hazard of eroion are limitations.

Representative profile of Marion silt loam, 0 to 2 ercent slopes, in a small wooded area, 255 feet west nd 550 feet north of the southeast corner of NE1/4 sec. , T. 62 N., R 10 W., in Knox County:

A1-0 to 3 inches, dark grayish-brown (10YR 4/2) silt loam; moderate, fine, granular structure; friable; many fine roots; neutral; abrupt, smooth boundary.

A2—3 to 12 inches, grayish-brown (10YR 5/2) silt loam; moderate, medium, platy and moderate, offer, granular, structure; friable; many fine, property property of the property of

ular structure; friable; many fine roots; very strongly acid; abrupt, smooth boundary.

B21t—12 to 24 inches, yellowish-brown (10YR 5/4) silty clay; few, fine, faint, grayish-brown (10YR 5/2) mottles; moderate, fine, subangular blocky structure; very firm; few medium roots; thin continuous clay films; strongly acid; gradual, smooth boundary.

boundary.

B22t—24 to 30 inches, grayish-brown (10YR 5/2) silty clay; common, fine, distinct, yellowish-brown (10YR 5/4) mottles; moderate, fine, subangular blocky structure; very firm; thin continuous clay films; strongly acid; clear, smooth boundary.

B31t—30 to 36 inches, grayish-brown (10YR 5/2) silty clay loam; common, fine, distinct, dark-brown (7.5YR 4/4) mottles; weak, fine, subangular blocky structure; firm; thin discontinuous clay films; strongly acid: gradual. smooth boundary.

B32—36 to 60 inches, light brownish-gray (10YR 6/2) light silty clay loam; common, fine, distinct, yellowish-brown (10YR 5/8) mottles; massive; firm; few black (10YR 2/1) concretions of oxides; strongly acid.

The A1 horizon is dark grayish brown, grayish brown, The A1 horizon is dark grayish brown, grayish brown, or very dark grayish brown and is 1 to 3 inches thick. The A2 horizon is grayish brown or light brownish gray and ranges from 6 to 10 inches in thickness. The B horizon is yellowish brown or grayish brown and has strong-brown or dark-brown mottles.

Marion soils formed in the same kind of material as Calwoods and Mexico soils. They lack red mottles, which are characteristic of Calwoods and Mexico soils. They have a thinner A1 horizon than Mexico soils

a thinner A1 horizon than Mexico soils.

MaB-Marion silt loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes. This soil is on the sides of high benches of streams. Slopes are generally short. This soil occurs in uniformly shaped areas about 3 to 15 acres in size. It has a profile similar to the one described as representative of the series, but the surface layer is generally a few inches thicker, the subsurface layer is a few inches thinner in places, and the upper part of the subsoil is brighter colored.

Included with this soil in mapping are small areas of Auxvasse soils. These areas make up about 10 per-

cent of the mapped acreage.

Runoff is medium. Erosion is a severe hazard. This soil is used for row crops where adjacent soils are used for row crops. Some areas are used for hay or permanent pasture. Capability unit IIIe-5.

Moniteau Series

The Moniteau series consists of deep, poorly drained, nearly level soils on bottom lands. These soils formed in silty material. The native vegetation was deciduous

In a representative profile the surface layer is darkgray silt loam about 9 inches thick. The subsurface layer is gray silt loam about 8 inches thick. The subsoil is dark-gray and dark grayish-brown, firm silty clay loam about 26 inches thick. The underlying material is dark-gray silt loam.

Moniteau soils have slow permeability. Available water capacity is high. Organic-matter content is mod-

erate, and natural fertility is low.

These soils are suited to row crops. Because flooding is frequent, many areas are in permanent pasture. Wet-

ness is the main limitation.

Representative profile of Moniteau silt loam, in a permanent pasture, 150 feet west and 530 feet south of the northeast corner of sec. 14, T. 59 N., R. 12 W., in Shelby County:

Mo-Moniteau silt loam. This level to nearly level soil is on low benches and in narrow valleys of streams. It is in irregularly shaped areas about 10 to 50 acres in size.

Included with this soil in mapping are areas of Piopolis and Arbela soils. These areas make up about

10 percent of the mapped acreage.

Runoff is slow. Wetness is a severe limitation because of flooding. Building levees to protect the soil from flooding is generally not practical, because areas are

Some areas of this soil are used for corn and soybeans, but other areas are used mainly for pasture because they are very irregular in shape and are subject to frequent flooding. Some areas are in woodland. Capability unit IIIw-2.

Gifford Series

The Gifford ser consists of deep, somewhat poorly drained, gently sloping and moderately sloping soils on the sides of stream terraces. These soils formed in silty and clayey material overlying alluvial sediment. The native vegetation was tall prairie grasses.

In a representative profile the surface layer is very dark gray silt loam about 7 inches thick. The subsoil is about 49 inches thick. It is dark-gray, dark grayish-brown, and grayish-brown, very firm silty clay in the upper part; and grayish-brown and dark-gray, firm silty clay loam and clay loam in the lower part. The underlying material is yellowish-brown loamy sand.

Gifford soils have very slow permeability. Available water capacity is high. Organic-matter content is moderate, and natural fertility is medium. Erosion is a

severe hazard.

These soils are used for crops commonly grown in

the survey area.

Representative profile of Gifford silt loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes, in a cultivated field, 150 feet east and 100 feet south of the northwest corner of SW1/4 sec. 13, T. 63 N., R. 11 W., in Knox County:

Ap-0 to 7 inches, very dark gray (10YR 3/1) silt loam;

moderate, fine, granular structure; friable; many fine roots; medium acid; clear, smooth boundary.

B1t—7 to 9 inches, mottled, dark-gray (10YR 4/1) and dark grayish-brown (10YR 4/2) silty clay loam;

dark grayish-brown (10YR 4/2) silty clay loam; weak, fine, subangular blocky structure; firm; few fine roots; thin discontinuous clay films; strongly acid; clear, smooth boundary.

B21t—9 to 23 inches, grayish-brown (2.5Y 5/2) silty clay; common, fine, distinct, strong-brown (7.5YR 5/6) and yellowish-brown (10YR 5/6) mottles; moderate, fine, subangular blocky structure; very firm; few fine roots; thin discontinuous clay films; medium acid; clear, smooth boundary.

B22t—23 to 30 inches, grayish-brown (2.5Y 5/2) silty clay; few, fine, distinct, strong-brown (7.5YR 5/6) and many, medium, distinct, reddish-brown (5YR 4/4) mottles; moderate, fine, subangular blocky structure; very firm; few medium roots; thin discontinuous clay films; black (10YR 2/1) oxide stains; slightly acid; clear, smooth boundary.

B31—30 to 38 inches, grayish-brown (2.5Y 5/2) silty clay

B31—30 to 38 inches, grayish-brown (2.5Y 5/2) silty clay loam; common, fine, distinct, strong-brown (7.5YR

loam; common, fine, distinct, strong-brown (7.5YR 5/8), and yellowish-red (5YR 4/6) mottles; moderate, fine, subangular blocky structure; firm; neutral; clear, smooth boundary.

B32—38 to 56 inches, dark-gray (10YR 4/1) clay loam; common, medium, distinct, dark-brown (7.5YR 4/4) mottles; weak, fine, subangular blocky structure and weak, thin platy; firm; peutral; clear ture and weak, thin, platy; firm; neutral; clear,

smooth boundary.

IIC-56 to 68 inches, yellowish-brown (10YR 5/6) loamy sand; single grained; loose; neutral.

The Ap horizon is very dark gray or very dark grayish brown and is 7 to 9 inches thick. The B horizon is grayish-

brown, dark-gray, or dark grayish-brown silty clay, silty clay loam, or clay loam.

Gifford soils formed in the same kind of material as Chariton and Auxvasse soils. They lack an A2 horizon, which is a prominent characteristic of Chariton and Aux-

GfC—Gifford silt loam, 5 to 9 percent slopes. This soil occurs on the sides of high benches of streams. It is in uniformly shaped areas about 5 to 25 acres in size. It has a profile similar to the one described as representative of the series, but the surface layer is 2 to 3 inches thinner.

Included with this soil in mapping are areas of steeper Gifford soils. These areas make up about 5 percent of the mapped acreage. Also included are areas of soils that have a thinner, lighter colored surface layer.

Runoff is medium. Erosion is a severe hazard. If the slopes are long enough, constructing terraces helps to control erosion.

This soil is used for corn and soybeans. Capability unit IIIe-5.

The Arbela series consists of deep, somewhat poorly rained, nearly level soils on low terraces of bottom ands. These soils formed in silty and clayey alluvial sediment. The native vegetation was tall prairie

In a representative profile the surface layer is very dark grayish-brown and very dark gray silt loam about 13 inches thick. The subsurface layer is dark-gray and gray silt loam about 10 inches thick. The subsoil is lark-gray and dark grayish-brown, firm silty clay loam about 52 inches thick.

Arbela soils have moderately slow permeability. Available water capacity is high. Organic-matter con-

ent is moderate, and natural fertility is high.

These soils are easily tilled. Crops respond well to

ime and fertilizer.

Representative profile of Arbela silt loam, in a cultivated field, 650 feet east and 33 feet south of the northvest corner of NE1/4 sec. 35, T. 63 N., R. 10 W., in Knox County:

Ap-0 to 7 inches, very dark grayish-brown (10YR 3/2) silt loam; moderate, fine, granular structure; very friable; neutral; gradual, smooth boundary.

A12-7 to 13 inches, very dark gray (10YR 3/1) silt loam; moderate, fine, granular structure; very friable;

neutral; abrupt, smooth boundary.

A21—13 to 17 inches, dark-gray (10YR 4/1) silt loam; few, fine, distinct, yellowish-brown (10YR 5/6) mottles; moderate, thin, platy structure; very friable; slightly acid; clear, smooth boundary.

A22—17 to 23 inches, gray (10YR 5/1) silt loam; few, fine, distinct, yellowish-brown (10YR 5/6) and dark-

brown (10YR 3/3) mottles; weak, thin, platy structure; very friable; strongly acid; abrupt, smooth boundary.

B2tg-23 to 43 inches, dark-gray (10YR 4/1) and dark grayish-brown (10YR 4/2) heavy silty clay loam; common, fine, distinct, yellowish-brown (10YR 5/6)

common, fine, distinct, yellowish-brown (10YR 5/6) mottles; moderate, fine, subangular blocky structure; firm; thick continuous, very dark grayish-brown (10YR 3/2) clay films; strongly acid; gradual, smooth boundary.

B3tg—43 to 75 inches, dark grayish-brown (10YR 4/2) silty clay loam; common, fine, distinct, dark yellowish-brown (10YR 4/4) mottles; weak, fine, subangular blocky structure; firm; thin continuous clay films; few concretions of oxides; medium acid clay films; few concretions of oxides; medium acid.

The Ap horizon is very dark gray or very dark grayish brown and ranges from 7 to 11 inches in thickness. The A2 horizon ranges from 8 to 12 inches in thickness. The B

horizon is dark gray, dark grayish brown, or gray.

Arbela soils formed in the same kind of material as Blackoar and Piopolis soils. They have a finer textured B horizon than Blackoar soils. They have a thicker A horizon and are better drained than Piopolis soils.

Ar—Arbela silt loam. This level to nearly level soil is on low terraces of streams. It is in uniformly shaped areas about 20 to 60 acres in size.

Included with this soil in mapping are small areas of Piopolis and Blackoar soils. These areas make up about 10 percent of the mapped acreage.

Runoff is slow. Wetness is a moderate limitation. This soil is used mainly for row crops commonly grown in the survey area. Capability unit IIw-1.

